

Mansfield District Council

Authority Monitoring Report 2022

1 April 2021 – 31 March 2022

Planning Policy Team





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1 Introduction

- 1.1 The Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 Regulation 34 requires local planning authorities to produce an Authority Monitoring Report (AMR). The National Planning Practice Guidance provides guidance on the role of AMR's and what they should contain¹. This document has been structured to meet these requirements.
- 1.2 The purpose of AMRs is to provide information about the progress on and effectiveness of local plans. They help inform whether there is a need to undertake an early review of the local plan. AMRs should contain information on the following matters:
 - progress with the local plan;
 - progress with any neighbourhood plans;
 - activity on the duty to cooperate;
 - performance on planning applications; and
 - how the policies in the local plan are being implemented.

The AMR also provides background information about the district.

1.3 This AMR reports on the period 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022. Reference to the 'local plan' in this report refers to the adopted Mansfield District Local Plan (2013-2033) (adopted 8 September 2020)².

¹ Paragraph: 027 Reference ID: 12-027-20170728

² https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/downloads/file/1645/mdc-adopted-local-plan-2020

2 District profile

- 2.1 Mansfield district is located in west Nottinghamshire at the heart of the United Kingdom, between Nottingham to the south, and Sheffield to the north.
- 2.2 Mansfield's population at the 2021 Census was 110,500 (ONS, 2022³), which is a 5.8% increase from the 2011 Census. Mansfield's total population represents 13.4% of the wider Nottinghamshire region. Although there has been a new census recently, not all the data has been published as of the time of publishing this report. The Mansfield district includes the town of Mansfield and the communities of Mansfield Woodhouse, Clipstone, Pleasley and Forest Town; the separate settlement of Rainworth is located to the south east of Mansfield. As it is the largest town in Nottinghamshire, Mansfield is the districts main business, shopping and service centre.
- 2.3 To the north of the district is the Warsop Parish, the main settlement is Market Warsop which acts as the service centre for; Church Warsop, Meden Vale, Warsop Vale and Spion Kop. This area is significantly smaller than the Mansfield urban area.
- 2.4 Mansfield is fortunate to be surrounded on all sides by forests, green spaces and key destinations that are nationally and internationally well-known including Sherwood Forest, Clumber Park, Hardwick Hall and the Peak District. These create a stunning backdrop and opportunities for recreational access and biodiversity.
- 2.5 The district is easily accessible by road from the M1 in the west, the A1 to the east and by rail via the Robin Hood Line between Nottingham and Worksop. The A617 links the Mansfield urban area with Newark, the A60 to Nottingham and Worksop and the A38 to Sutton-in-Ashfield and Derby. Although there are a number of junctions which are heavily congested and require improvements, the Mansfield urban area itself is well served by a good local road network, and has a range of bus and rail services. However, accessibility is an issue for those living in the villages of Warsop Parish.

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³ https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/censuspopulationchange/E07000174/

2.6 Throughout the district, there are well established walking and cycling routes, mostly running east to west alongside the river corridors of the rivers Maun and Meden, and on former mineral railway lines. These provide great opportunities for recreation and for sustainable travel, connecting where people live and work. There is also scope to further improve this network by adding new routes and joining existing ones together, to encourage more use of the district's green infrastructure network.

Demographics

2.7 As of the latest census (2021), the Mansfield district has a population of 110,500 people. This is an increase of 5.8% from the 2011 census where the population was 104,600⁴. This is projected to grow further to approximately 117,153 by 2033⁵. The population is split 49.2% male and 50.8% female⁶.

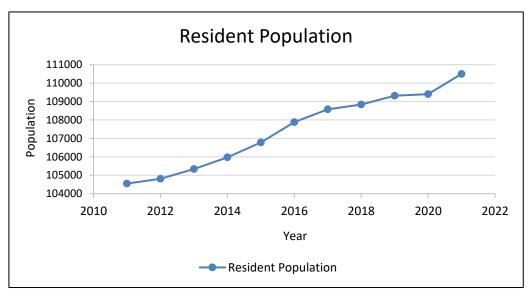


Figure 1: Resident Population of Mansfield district (Office for National Statistics, 2021).

⁴https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/populationandmigration/populationestimates/datasets/2 011censuskeystatisticsforlocalauthoritiesinenglandandwales

⁵https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/populationandmigration/populationprojections/datasets/localauthoritiesinenglandtable2

⁶https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/populationandmigration/populationestimates/bulletins/populationandhouseholdestimatesenglandandwales/census2021

2.8 As can be seen in the next graph, the age distribution of the Mansfield district broadly reflects that of England as a whole. Although when compared to the wider county, Mansfield has a smaller population of those aged 65+. When looking at the 2021 census data, it shows that Mansfield has seen an increase of 18.7% of those aged 65+ compared to a 2% rise in those aged 15-64⁷. This trend is in line with the rest of England and suggests that Mansfield is continuing to experience an ageing population.

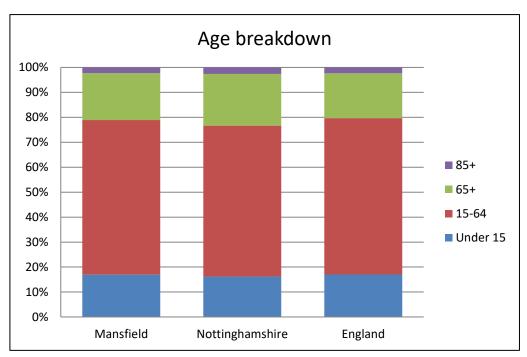


Figure 2: Age breakdown of resident population (ONS, 2021).

2.9 To accommodate this growth, the Local Plan identifies a number of sites which will be developed for new homes. There are also policies in place which encourage and support the provision of suitable accommodation for older people.

⁷ https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/censuspopulationchange/E07000174/

Employment and education

- 2.10 Economic activity levels in Mansfield have historically been lower than the rest of the East Midlands and Great Britain, but had moved back in line with the average over the last few years. Figure 3 shows the level of economic inactivity over the last 10 years, which over the last 2 years has seen a spike⁸.
- 2.11 The 2020 data shows the largest proportion of employees were employed in the wholesale and retail trade (20%), health and social work (15%) and administrative and support services (12.5%)⁹.

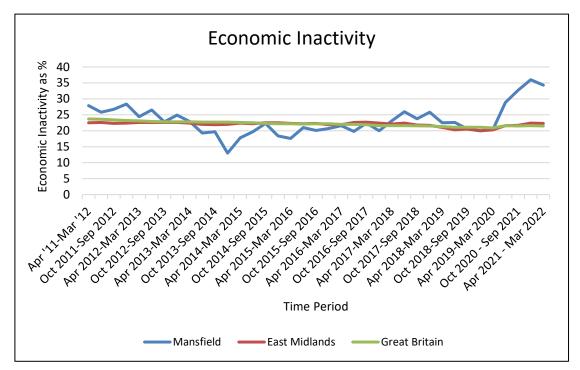


Figure 3: Economic Inactivity Rate (Nomis, 2020).

2.12 Full time workers across the Mansfield district earn less when measured by gross weekly pay, than workers in the East Midlands and across Great Britain, which is shown in the table below¹⁰. With the exception of female full time workers compared to the East Midlands.

^{8,9} https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/reports/lmp/la/1946157166/printable.aspx

Gross Weekly Pay	Mansfield (£)	East Midlands (£)	Great Britain (£)
Full time workers	521.1	559.8	612.8
Male full time workers	530.6	600.7	654.3
Female full time workers	509.6	492.8	558.1

Table 1: Gross weekly for full time workers across Mansfield, East Midlands and Great Britain for the year 2021 (Nomis, 2021).

- 2.13 Another disparity is in the level of qualifications. Figure 4 shows the difference in qualifications compared to East Midlands and Great Britain, for the period Jan 2021 Dec 2021. It shows that the Mansfield district has a higher proportion of residents with no qualifications and NVQ1, and a lower proportion of residents with NVQ3 and above qualifications¹¹.
- 2.14 The employment and education inequalities are being addressed in a number of ways. The Local Plan includes Policy E5 (Improving skills and economic inclusion) which seeks to negotiate local labour agreements, where the council and developers work together to allow local people to benefit from proposed developments. West Nottinghamshire College also offers degree level courses, improving the access to higher education for local residents and businesses¹².



Figure 4: Qualifications of working age population for the year 2021 (Nomis, 2021). *Not enough data for Other Qualifications in Mansfield.

¹¹ https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/reports/lmp/la/1946157166/printable.aspx

¹² https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/downloads/file/1645/mdc-adopted-local-plan-2020

Health and Wellbeing

2.15 Residents of the Mansfield district generally have poorer health than the average for England. The life expectancy for males in Mansfield is 77.9 years compared to the average for England of 79.6 years. Life expectancy for Mansfield females is 81.3 years, compared to the average for England of 83.2¹³. There is also an inequality between the most and least deprived areas of Mansfield, with a difference of 9 years less for men and 6.8 years less for women¹⁴.

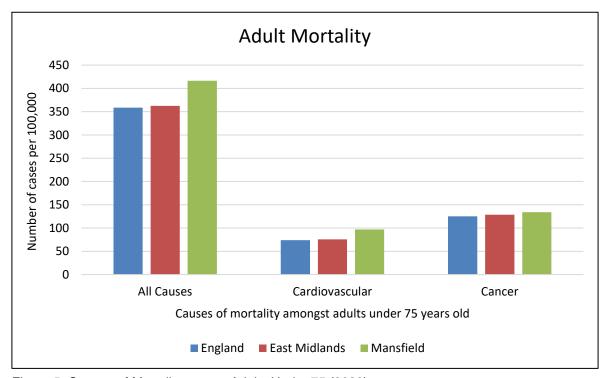


Figure 5: Causes of Mortality among Adults Under 75 (2020).

2.16 As shown in the graph above, there is a substantial difference between the data for all causes and cardiovascular mortality when comparing the Mansfield district to the wider region and the England average.

¹³ https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/health-profiles/data#page/1/gid/1938132701/pat/6/par/E12000006/ati/101/are/E07000174

¹⁴ https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/static-reports/health-profiles/2019/e07000174.html?areaname=mansfield

Accessibility

2.17 Residents of Mansfield district are generally able to access services and facilities within 30 minutes¹⁵, as shown below. There has been no recent data released to be able to update the table below.

Travel time for Mansfield district, 2018	Percentage of residents
FE College - 15 mins	44%
FE college - 30 mins	93%
GP Surgery - 15 mins	74%
GP surgery - 30 mins	96%
Hospital - 15 mins	3%
Hospital - 30 mins	33%
Primary School - 15 mins	92%
Primary School - 30 mins	99%
Secondary School - 15 mins	41%
Secondary School - 30 mins	91%
Leisure Centre - 15 mins	48%
Leisure Centre - 30 mins	99%
Major employment centre - 15 mins	74%
Major employment centre - 30 mins	99%
Major retail centre - 15 mins	44%
Major retail centre - 30 mins	97%
Within 800m/10 mins walk of a bus stop with an hourly service weekdays 0600-1800 hrs	94%
Within 800m/10 mins walk of a bus stop with an hourly service weekday evenings 1800-2400 hrs	52%
Within 800m/10 mins walk of a bus stop with an hourly service weekday Sundays 1000-1800 hrs	82%

Table 2: Travel time threshold expressed as percentage of households (NCC, 2018).

2.18 The Local Plan seeks to ensure that new homes are located close to existing facilities. It also requires certain new developments to contribute to the provision of new infrastructure including public transport, healthcare facilities, open space and green infrastructure.

¹⁵ https://www.nottinghamshireinsight.org.uk/libraries/profile-library/district-profile-mansfield/

3 Planning Applications

- 3.1 To ensure that decisions on developments are taken in a timely manner the government requires that planning applications are determined within a set period following validation of the application. These periods are as follows:
 - Non-major applications 8 weeks; and
 - Major applications 13 weeks.
- 3.2 The table below sets out performance against these targets for 2021/22. It also provides performance information on a range of other indicators.

Indicator	National target	Local target	Performance 2019/20	Performance 2020/21	Performance 2021/22		
Major planning applications determined within 13 weeks	60%	74.0% (was 85%)	65%	79.0%	89.3%		
Minor planning applications determined within 8 weeks	65%	84% (was 97%)	93.8%	68.7%	84.3%		
Other planning applications determined within 8 weeks	80%	93% (was 96%)	89.7%	65.3%	91.5%		
% of appeals allowed against authority's decision to refuse planning permission	n/a	42%	25%	28.6%	62.5%		
Delegated decisions as a percentage of all decisions	90%	90%	91.9%	93.8%	91.1%		
Pre-app advice enquiries responded to within 4 weeks	n/a	81.5%	67.5%	18%	35%		
Conditions discharged within 8 weeks	n/a	81.5%	56.9%	37.8%	30%		
Key							
	On or above target						
	Between 1%-5% under target						
Over 5% under target							

Table 3: Planning application performance compared to the local and national target.

4 Duty to Cooperate

- 4.1 The Duty to Cooperate requires that strategic plan making bodies cooperate with each other when preparing their plans. To do this the NPPF sets out that these authorities should produce, maintain and update one or more statements of common ground.
- 4.2 A statement of common ground is a written record of the progress made by strategic policy-making authorities during the process of planning for strategic cross-boundary matters. It documents where effective co-operation is and is not happening throughout the plan-making process. It is a way of demonstrating at examination that plans are deliverable over the plan period, and based on effective joint working across local authority boundaries. In the case of local planning authorities, it also forms part of the evidence required to demonstrate that they have complied with the duty to cooperate.
- 4.3 Below is a list of the statement of common grounds produced and agreed by Mansfield District Council. These are available online at: https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/downloads/download/256/examination-evidence---duty-to-cooperate

Duty to cooperate body	Date statement of common ground signed
Ashfield District Council and Newark & Sherwood District Council (Nottingham Outer)	December 2018
Bassetlaw District Council	December 2018
Bolsover District Council	August 2018
Historic England	December 2018
Mansfield & Ashfield Clinical Commissioning Group	November 2018
Nottinghamshire County Council	December 2018

Table 4: Showing when the various duty to cooperate documents were signed.

5 Plan progress

- 5.1 As part of preparing a local plan, local planning authorities are required to set out, and keep up-to-date, a programme of work. This is called a Local Development Scheme (LDS) and includes any other planning documents being prepared by the authority. The most recent LDS, in relation to the monitoring period, was adopted 7 March 2023¹⁶.
- 5.2 In addition, the LDS provides an update of progress with any neighbourhood plans being prepared by the local community. The LDS also provides information regarding any supplementary planning documents (SPDs) that the council intends to produce to support the Local Plan.

Local Plan

- 5.3 The government requires that each local planning authority prepare and adopt a local plan. The Local Plan (2013-2033) sets out a vision and a framework for the future development of the district addressing housing, employment and other needs as well as safeguarding the environment and adapting to climate change.
- 5.4 There is a need to keep the plan under review to assess if it needs updating at least every five years, and then should be updated as necessary. Reviews should take account changing circumstances affecting the district, or any relevant changes in national policy. The council will publish Annual Monitoring Reports (such as this report) to show how the plan is being implemented and will highlight any areas for review.

¹⁶https://portal.mansfield.gov.uk/cmadexternal/agendaview.aspx?id=4550&entityid=8&date=%20Tuesday%2007%20March%202023&time=06:00%20PM&location=Council%20Chamber&contactemail=mpemberton@Mansfield.gov.uk

Neighbourhood plans

5.5 Within Mansfield district, there is only one parish council, Warsop Parish Council and no neighbourhood forums have been designated. Warsop Parish Council are currently preparing a neighbourhood plan but have not yet submitted it to the district council for formal consultation. An updated timetable will be published for the preparation of the Warsop Neighbourhood Plan once this is available.

Supplementary Planning Documents

- 5.6 In addition to the Local Plan, the council may also prepare other planning policy documents which supplement the policies and assist with the delivery of the Local Plan.
- 5.7 The following documents provide further guidance and information relating to one or more specific policies or proposals set out in the Local Plan. Although they are not part of the statutory development plan, they will be a material planning consideration in considering relevant planning proposals.

Document	Commenced	Consultation Period	Adoption	Purposes
Planning	Early 2021	Completed	Adopted 20 th	This document will provide
Obligations SPD			September	detailed information on planning
			2022	obligations required under
				particular Local Plan policies.
Mansfield Town	Early 2020	Completed	Summer 2023	This document will provide
Centre				further guidance to the policies
Masterplan				set out within the retail chapter
				of the Local Plan. It sets a
				framework for the regeneration
				of Mansfield Town Centre.
Affordable	Early 2020	January to	Summer 2023	This document will provide
Housing SPD		March 2023		further guidance to support
				policy H4 of the Local Plan.
Green	Early 2022	Spring 2023	Summer 2023	This document will provide
Infrastructure				further guidance to support
SPD				policy IN4 of the Local Plan relate
				to green infrastructure.
Biodiversity Net	Early 2022	January to	Summer 2023	This document will provide
Gain SPD		March 2023		further guidance to support
				policy NE2 of the Local Plan
				related to biodiversity net gain.

Table Table 6: Supplementary Planning Documents produced by Mansfield District Council.

Sustainable	Early 2022	Completed	Summer 2023	This document will provide
Drainage				further guidance to support
Systems SPD				policy CC3 of the Local Plan
				related to sustainable drainage.

6 Monitoring the Local Plan (2013-2033)

- 6.1 The Local Plan includes policies that help guide new development to ensure it is sustainable. The policies cover a wide range of topics including climate change, design, the historic environment, housing and employment. For the majority of policies, monitoring indicators are included to establish whether the policy is effective or not. A number of indicators will usually be used to build up a picture of how the policy is performing. The monitoring framework is provided within Appendix 13 of the Local Plan and identifies the triggers which would highlight that a policy may need to be reviewed.
- 6.2 For each indicator the target and current status are identified along with a conclusion on progress. A traffic light system has been used to allow easy identification of progress and highlight where action needs to be taken:
 - **Green** the policy is being delivered effectively or delivery of sites and the identified targets are on track / further ahead than anticipated.
 - Amber the policy is being delivered effectively or delivery of sites is on track although the trend may be declining or risks have been identified. These areas may require future action to ensure delivery / effectiveness is maintained.
 - Red the policy is not being delivered effectively or delivery of sites. The
 identified target has slipped; action is required to address the situation.
- 6.3 In addition to this overarching AMR, a number of other documents are prepared, normally on an annual basis. These focus on key areas and provide more detail about those areas and the associated planning applications. These include:
 - Housing Monitoring Report (including five year housing land supply assessment);
 - Employment Monitoring Report; and
 - Retail Update.

<u>Infrastructure Funding Statement</u>

6.4 The council are also required to prepare an Infrastructure Funding Statement (IFS) on an annual basis. The document provides detailed monitoring information about Planning Obligations. This includes S106 agreements signed, monies received, monies spent (including detail of the specific project) and monies retained. It also sets out MDC's priorities for planning obligations in the forthcoming year. See: https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/planning/infrastructure-funding-statement/1

7 The Spatial Strategy

7.5 The spatial strategy seeks to deliver the Local Plan's vision and objectives, addressing the key issues and meeting the needs of the district. The strategy aims to meet identified needs in a manner of compatibility with the characteristics of the area and having regard to infrastructure requirements and deliverability.

Policy S1: Presumption in favour of sustainable development						
Indicator	Indicator Target Status Progress					
No indicators proposed as policy sets out approach to take towards planning applications and is unlikely to be used to determine planning applications.						

Policy S2: The spatial strategy						
Indicator	Target	Status			Progress	
Net additional dwellings completed by location	cation assessed on a three year rolling average.		An average of 412pa Mansfield urban area = 400dpa Warsop Parish = 12dpa		Good The overall and Mansfield targets have been met.	
	= An average of 325dpa between 2019/20 and 2021/22. An average of 293dpa in Mansfield urban area and 32dpa		Mansfield	Warsop	District Wide	Although the Warsop figure is up, the average is still below
	in Warsop Parish.	2019/20	401	1	402	target.
		2020/21	465	9	474	Please note average figures are
		2021/22	336	26	362	rounded.

Net additional economic land	41ha (or an average of 2.05ha a year over the plan period)	2019/20 = 2.97 ha	Poor
		2020/21 = This was not monitored during 2020/21. Data will be backdated when monitoring takes place for 2021/22.	Net additional economic land is very low compared to previous years.
		2020/21 & 2021/22 = 0.042 ha.	Monitoring took place for two periods within this report.
Net additional retail floor space by location and type	Targets and distribution in accordance with S2 2c	See tables below.	Poor
			Floor space take up is very low.
			It is also important to note Class E uses no longer require formal planning permission.
Please note that changes within Class E no longer require formal planning permission.		A table with the data can be found at the end of this document.	The majority of floor space take up within the 21/22 period is outside of the defined areas recorded in the table below.
Number of years supply of deliverable	5 years supply plus any shortfall	8.31 years supply	Good
specific housing sites	and an appropriate buffer depending on past delivery.		Target has been exceeded including consideration of shortfall and appropriate buffer.

Supply of deliverable / developable	10 years supply (or 21ha)	18.67ha with planning permission	Good
employment land		0.35ha under construction	
		9.06ha vacant sites in existing employment	Sufficient sites with extant
	areas		planning permission /
		17.95ha allocated sites	allocations for the next 10
			years
		=46.03ha	

Policy S2: Net additional retail floorspace by location and type

	Committed/developed retail floor space vs requirement (sqm)				
	Mansfield Town Centre	Comparison	Convinience/service	Leisure (Formerly A3, A4 & A5)	
	Required floorspace (sqm) required by 2033	11,100	0	2,800	
2018/19:	Amount committed:	662	0	0	
2016/19.	Amount developed:	662	0	0	
2019/20:	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2019/20:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2020/21	Amount committed:	-149	0	536	
2020/21:	Amount developed:	-149	0	536	
2024/22	Amount committed:	0	0	70	
2021/22:	Amount developed:	0	0	70	
	Retail floorspace remaining (sqm):	10,587	0	2,194	

	Committed/developed retail floor space vs requirement (sqm)				
	Mansfield Woodhouse district centre	Comparison	Convinience/service	Leisure (Formerly A3, A4 & A5)	
	Required floorspace (sqm) required by 2033	700	0	350	
2019/10	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2018/19:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2010/20	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2019/20:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2020/21:	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2020/21:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2021/22:	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2021/22:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
	Retail floorspace remaining (sqm):	700	0	350	

	Committed/developed retail floor space vs requirement (sqm)				
	Market Warsop district centre	Comparison	Convinience/service	Leisure (Formerly A3, A4 & A5)	
	Required floorspace (sqm) required by 2033	700	0	350	
2018/19:	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2016/19.	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2019/20:	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2019/20.	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2020/21:	Amount committed:	0	-151	215	
2020/21.	Amount developed:	0	-35	35	
2021/22	Amount committed:	0	23	5	
2021/22:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
	Retail floorspace remaining (sqm):	700	-128	130	

	Committed/developed retail floor space vs requirement (sqm)				
	Other (housing growth areas)	Comparison	Convinience/service	Leisure (Formerly A3, A4 & A5)	
	Required floorspace (sqm) required by 2033	700	540	0	
2018/19:	Amount committed:	84	0	0	
2016/19.	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2010/20	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2019/20:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2020/21	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2020/21:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
2021/22	Amount committed:	0	0	0	
2021/22:	Amount developed:	0	0	0	
	Retail floorspace remaining (sqm):	616	540	0	

	Committed/developed retail floor space vs requirement (sqm)				
	Other	Comparison	Convinience/service	Leisure (Formerly A3, A4 & A5)	
	Required floorspace (sqm) required by 2033	0	0	0	
2018/19:	Amount committed:	161	342	1,765	
2018/19.	Amount developed:	70	342	986	
2019/20:	Amount committed:	1,807	2,080	863	
2019/20.	Amount developed:	1,067	1,787	-32	
2020/21:	Amount committed:	0	-334	655	
2020/21.	Amount developed:	0	-287	83	
2021/22	Amount committed:	181	90.9	129	
2021/22:	Amount developed:	-216	96	0	
	Retail floorspace remaining (sqm):	-2,149	-2,178.90	-3,412	

Total floor space committed (sqm)				
Comparison	2,746			
Convinience/service	2,051			
Leisure	4,238			

Total floor space developed (sqm)				
Comparison 1,434				
Convinience/service	1,903			
Leisure	1,142			

Policy S3: Development in the countryside					
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress		
% of Planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored			

Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Number of additional dwellings on	Increase	• 2013/14 = 155	Poor
prownfield land ¹⁷		• 2014/15 = 115	
		• 2015/16 = 129	Progress is variable over time.
		2016/17 = 177	
		2017/18 = 113	However, this period is somewhat
		2018/19 = 202	lower than previous years.
		2019/20 = 110	
		2020/21 = 152	
		• 2021/22 = 91	

¹⁷ Due to changes in monitoring process these figures may not relate to those provided in previous years.

Amount of additional economic land on brownfield land	Increase	This was not monitored during 2020/21. Data will be backdated when monitoring takes place for 2021/22. 2020/21 & 2021/22 = 0.403 ha.	Good Of the developments providing additional economic land, 15 of the 16 developments occurred on brownfield land. More information can be found in the authorities' employment monitoring report.
Amount of net additional retail floor space on brownfield land (Committed / developed)	Increase	 2018/19 = 1,113 sqm 2019/20 = 3,887 sqm 2020/21 = -634 sqm 2021/22 = 294.9 sqm 	Moderate Progress is variable over time. The 21/22 period has increased since 20/21 however, is not close to the levels seen in 18/19 and 19/20.

Policy S5: Delivering key regeneration sites						
Indicator	Target		Status	Progress		
Progress towards development of White Hart Street – S4a	Progress in the preparation of masterplan / design brief for the site	Mansfield District Council have launched a competition seeking submissions – a deadline for 15 th February 2023 was set.	Timetable to be prepared.	Mansfield District Council have launched an invited design competition, managed by the Royal Institute of British Architects (RIBA). The competition sets out the brief of the site, to sensitively redevelop the area for residential purposes.		
	Planning Application	TBC				

	Permission Granted	TBC		
	Delivery of the regeneration site	TBC		
Progress towards development of Portland Gateway – S4b	Progress in the preparation of masterplan / design brief for the site	TBC	Timetable to be prepared.	Town Centre masterplan has been to consultation which ended in December 2021.
	Planning Application	TBC		
	Permission Granted	TBC		
	Delivery of the regeneration site	TBC		
Progress towards development of Riverside – S4c	Progress in the preparation of masterplan / design brief for the site	TBC	Timetable to be prepared.	Town Centre masterplan has been to consultation which ended in December 2021.
	Planning Application	TBC		
	Permission Granted	TBC		
	Delivery of the regeneration site	TBC		

8 Place Making

8.1 The council and government both attach a great importance to the creation of well-designed buildings and spaces. As good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, working to create better places for residents to live and work and helping to make development acceptable to communities. The purpose of the policies in this chapter is to offer applicants clarity about our expectations for well-designed buildings and places.

Policy P1: Achieving high quality design						
Indicator	Target		Status	Progress		
Percentage (%) of major residential applications approved contrary to policy	0%		Not yet monitored			
Percentage (%) of major residential applications approved with red scores on Buildings for Life assessment	0%		Of those with BfL assessments, 0% had red scores.	Good On track		
Progress with adoption of Design SPD – Mansfield Design Code	Preparation of SPD	On-going	Mansfield District Council received a £120,000 grant from the			
	Consultation Expected on Draft SPD March – April 2023	Government to produce a Design Code for the town centre.				
	Adoption of Final SPD	TBC	The initial period of public participation closed on 27 th November 2022, using an online tool where the public could drop pins on a map and comment about what they like or want to see improved within the town centre. The draft is expected to go out to consultation March – April 2023.			
Percentage (%) of major planning applications where a design review was carried out	100%		Not yet monitored			

Policy P2: Safe, healthy and attractive development			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	
Percentage (%) of qualifying applications which submit a Health Impact Assessment	100%	Not yet monitored	

Policy P3: Connected development			
Indicator Target Status Progress			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy P4: Comprehensive development				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored		
Percentage (%) of large sites (5ha or more or 150 dwellings) granted planning permission where a masterplan has been agreed	100%	Of those permissions that qualified, 100% submitted a masterplan.	A masterplan was available on the sites that qualify.	

Policy P5: Climate change and new development

Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	Not yet monitored	
granted contrary to policy			

Policy P6: Home extensions and alterations			
Indicator Target Status Progress			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy P7: Amenity				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored		

Policy P8: Shop front design and signage				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	0%	No applications were granted contrary to policy P8.	
Number of grants made through the Shop Fronts scheme	Information only	2 grants in 2021/22.	N/A	

9 Housing

9.1 National planning policy guidance requires the council to seek to meet the full objectively assessed needs for market and affordable housing through the Local Plan. It also requires that the council plans to deliver a mix of housing to meet the needs of current and future generations based on demographic trends and the special needs of specific parts of the community. In doing so, development should offer a wide choice of high quality homes whilst broadening opportunities for home ownership, and creating sustainable, inclusive and mixed communities.

Policy H1: Housing allocations – all sites can be viewed on the Policies Map at https://gis.mansfield.gov.uk/WML9/Map.aspx?MapName=LP			
Progress with delivery of allocated sites	Target for first completions	Current Stage	Progress against the housing trajectory (as at 31 March 2021)
H1a: Clipstone Road East	2022/23	Outline planning permission granted (2014/0248/NT) for part of the site 20/12/18 and reserved matters permission granted (2017/0523/FUL) for the remaining part of the site 30/06/2020. Construction has begun on site.	Good Sufficient time to allow delivery to start in 2022/23.
H1b: Land off Skegby Lane	2024/25	No application submitted.	Good
			Application would likely need to be submitted by 2021/22 to allow delivery in 2024/25. This has now been pushed back to 2025/26 in the latest trajectory.
H1c: Fields Farm, Abbott Road	2024/25	No application submitted	Good
			Application would likely need to be submitted by 2021/22 to allow delivery in 2024/25.

H1d: Three Thorn Hollow Farm	2022/23	EIA Screening Opinion submitted (2019/0763/SCRE). Outline planning application (2020/0182/OUT) granted permission with conditions in July 2021. Application received for reserved matters following outline application in September 2021 (2021/0704/RES).	Good Sufficient time to determine application and deal with Reserved Matters to allow delivery in 2022/23.
H1e: Land at Redruth Drive	2024/25	Resolution to grant outline planning permission (2019/0183/OUT) (18/05/2020).	Good Sufficient time to determine application and deal with Reserved Matters to allow delivery in 2024/25.
H1f: Former Rosebrook Primary School	2024/25	No application submitted	Good Application would likely need to be submitted by 2022/23 to allow delivery in 2024/25. This has now been pushed back to 2025/26 in the latest trajectory.
H1g: Abbott Road	2027/28	No application submitted.	Good Application would likely need to be submitted by 2025/26 to allow delivery in 2027/28.
H1h: Centenary Road	2027/28	Application granted permission with conditions (2021/0458/FUL). Site boarded up. Permission expires in 2024.	Good Application has been granted permission with conditions. Sufficient time for works to begin to allow delivery for 2027/28.
H1i: Former Mansfield brewery (part A)	2020/21	Site completed.	Good Site completed 2020/21.

H1j: Bellamy Road	2027/28	No application submitted.	Good
			Application would likely need to be submitted by 2025/26 to allow delivery in 2027/28.
H1k: High Oakham Farm (east)	2024/25	No application submitted	Good
			Application would likely need to be submitted by 2021/22 to allow delivery in 2024/25. This has now been pushed back to 2025/26 in the latest trajectory.
H1l: Land off Balmoral Drive	2024/25	Resolution to grant planning permission	Satisfactory
		subject to a S106 agreement (2015/0083/NT) but no progress in signing as of September 2022.	Subject to agreement on the S106, there would be sufficient time to allow for delivery to start in 2024/25. However, continued delay would make this challenging.
H1m: Sherwood Close	2020/21	Full planning permission granted (2017/0827/FUL)	Good
		Site completed 21/22.	Site is complete 21/22.
H1n: Ladybrook / Tuckers Lane	2026/27	No application submitted	Good
			Application would likely need to be submitted in 2024/23 to allow delivery in 2026/27
H1o: Hermitage Mill	2025/26	Full planning permission granted	Good
		(2018/0098/FUL).	Full planning permission granted and sufficient time to allow delivery in 2021/22.
		Building damaged in fire (March 2022), which has required demolition therefore slowing progress.	This has now been pushed back to 2025/26 in the latest trajectory. Progress has been effected by a fire in March 2022.

H1p: South of Debdale Lane	2025/26	No application submitted.	Good
			This has now been brought forward to 2024/25 in the latest trajectory so an application would likely need to be submitted by 2022/23.
H1q: Land off Holly Road	2027/28	Outline planning application 2019/0084/OUT was withdrawn. New full application for 8 dwellings was received March 2022- 2022/0152/FUL	Good Sufficient time to allow delivery in 2027/28. This has now been brought forward to 2023/24 in the latest trajectory.
H1r: Land at Cox's Lane	2021/22	Site completed.	Good Site completed.
H1s: Land off Ley Lane	2019/20	Application currently being determined and awaiting decision - 2017/0047/FUL.	Poor There is a resolution to grant planning permission subject to a \$106 agreement. The site is in use as a Travelling Showpersons Yard and has a Certificate of Lawful use.
H1t: Land off Rosemary Avenue	2020/21	Full planning permission granted-2018/0726/FUL. Site completed 21/22.	Good Site completed 21/22.
H1u: Stonebridge Lane / Sookholme Lane, Market Warsop	2023/24	Outline permission granted (2017/0816/OUT). Reserved matters granted permission with conditions in Apr 2022 (2020/0398/RES).	At the time of writing this site is under construction, with first occupations expected in 23/24.

H1v: Sherwood Street / Oakfield Lane, Market Warsop	2027/28	Outline planning application currently being determined (2019/0401/OUT).	Good
		Went to committee and is considered acceptable, subject to a S106 being signed.	Outline application submitted, subject to a S106. Sufficient time to allow delivery for 2027/28.
H1w: Former Warsop Vale School, Warsop Vale	2024/25	Full planning permission granted Oct 2020 (2019/0797/FUL).	
		Site has completions 21/22.	Full permission granted; delivery has been brought forward to 2023/24 in the latest trajectory.
			Site has completions and is likely to be complete before the target.

Policy H2: Committed housing sites

Housing Ref:	Net completed dwellings on identified sites	Target for first completions	Number of homes completed (as of 31 March 2022)	Progress
H-Sa014	Former Mansfield Brewery (part B) (2017/0631/PIP)	2023/24	0 / 51	Good 2019/0741/FUL granted (17/08/2020) and delivery has been brought forward to 2023/24 in the latest trajectory. At the time of writing, this site is under construction and occupations are expected in 23/24.
H-WI001	Former Mansfield General Hospital (2015/0712/NT)	Completed	54 / 54	Good Site complete.
H-Ki007	Allotment site at Pump Hollow Road (2016/0038/NT)	Completed	52 / 52	Good Site complete.
H-Ng017	Sandy Lane (2016/0262/ST) 2020/0141/V106 2021/0144/NMA	2023/24	0 / 63	Full planning permission granted 28/03/2018. Variation of S106 approved 02/02/2021 Non material amendment granted 16/03/21 the effect of which was to allow development to commence.
H-Cb011	Land at Windmill Lane (former nursery)(now called Wildflower Rise) (2017/0738/FUL)	Completed	23 / 23	Good Site completed.

H-Rw012	Land off Sherwood Oaks Close	2024/25	0 / 44	Good
	(2020/0304/RES)			
				Application has been granted permission.
H-Bh005	Former Evans Halshaw site	Site completed.	44/ 44	Good
	(2018/0399/FUL)			
				Site completed.
H-Oa025	Land to the rear of 28 High	2024/25	0 / 58	Good
	Oakham Hill			
	(2019/0802/FUL)			Planning permission granted 24/11/2020.
	Kirkland Avenue Industrial Park	2024/25	0 / 60	Moderate
H-Gf009	(2017/0636/PIP)			
H-Gf010	(2017/0637/PIP)			PIP expired 12/12/2020 but sufficient time for an application to be
				submitted and approved.
	Land at High Oakham House	Under	6 / 28	Good
H-Oa024	(2016/0329/ST)	construction		
	(2018/0574/RES)			Site under construction. Some units are self-builds.
	(2018/0575/NMA)			
	Land north of Skegby Lane	Under	0 / 150	Good
H-Bk006	(2016/0447/ST)	construction.		Reserved matters approved 19/09/2017 and the permission has
				been implemented.

	Penniment Farm	Under	149 /202 (430)	Good
H-Pe006	(2010/0805/ST) Outline for 430 dwellings	construction		Site under construction.
	2017/0572/RES – phase 1 for 202			New outline application submitted to increase number of homes on
	dwellings			site from 430 to 600 (2018/0552/OUT) - not yet determined.
	Land at the corner of Quarry Lane,	Site completed	21 / 21	Good
H-Oa016	Mansfield			
	(2014/0715/ST)			Site completed.
	Pleasley Hill Regeneration Area	Site completed.	152 / 152	Good
H-Bf008	(2014/0147/ST)			
				Site completed 21/22.
	Bath Mill	2023/24	0 / 18	Good
H-Cb006	(2015/0238/NT) lapsed			
	(2020/0068/FUL) permission with			Site granted permission February 2022. Although, work has not yet
	conditions			started.
05005	Land at Hermitage Lane	Completed	25 / 25	Good
H-Gf005	(2013/06220/ST)			Cito compulated
				Site completed.
	Land to the rear of 183 Clipstone	Completed	12 / 12	Good
H-HI004	Road West			
	(2014/0128/NT)			Site completed.
	Land to the rear of 66-70 Clipstone	Completed	14 / 14	Good
H-Ki002	Road West			
	(2016/0003/NT)			Site completed.

H-La009	18 Burns Street (2016/0468/ST)	Completed	21 / 21	Good Site completed.
H-Ph015	Park Hall Farm (Site A) (2016/0312/NT)	Completed	140 / 140	Good Site completed.
H-Ph016	Park Hall Farm (Site B) (2015/0032/NT)	Under construction	5/10	Good Site under construction, independent builders for all plots.
H-Wh008	Land at 7 Oxclose Lane (2015/0334/NT)	Completed	17 / 17	Good Site completed.
H-Sa005	Former Mansfield Sand Co (2012/0350/ST) (2017/0568/RES) (2020/0535/FUL) Granted with conditions	2026/27	0 / 107	Good 2017/0568/RES approved for 4 / 107 dwellings. Application 2020/0535/FUL granted with conditions. Construction has begun
H-Ab003	20 Abbott Road (2015/0316/ST) (2019/0146/RES)	2027/28	0/8	Poor 2015/0316/ST granted 24/03/16 2019/0146/RES granted on 03/05/19. Permission has now lapsed due to no works taking place.

H-Li008	284 Berry Hill Lane (2014/0216/ST)	Completed	5/5	Good
	, , ,			Site completed.
	Former Miners Offices	Completed	18 / 18	Good
H-Bh010	(2014/0719/ST)			
				Site completed.
	The Ridge	Under	26 / 43	Poor
H-Cb007	(2012/0442/NT)	construction		17 homes left to build but no completions since 2015/16. Intervention likely to be required to ensure scheme completed.
				intervention likely to be required to chause scheme completed.
H-Mv006	Birchlands/Old Mill Lane	Completed	9/9	Good
	(2014/0162/NT)			
				Site completed.
	Former Garage Site Alexandra		5/7	Good
H-Wh003	Avenue	construction.		
	(2017/0642/FUL)			Site under construction, no completions since 2018/19.
	Ashmead Chambers	2023/24	0/8	Poor
H-WI034	(2016/0562/ST)			Permission lapsed 16/04/2021, no applications currently. Site has stalled.
	10- Mantague Chuach	Camadatad	0.70	
H-Ng006	10a Montague Street (2013/0555/ST)	Completed	8/8	Good
11-148000	(2013/0333/31)			Site completed.
	Land adj 27 Redgate Street	Under	0/7	Satisfactory
H-Pe010	(2017/0070/FUL)	construction.		Full permission granted 27/06/18. Progress begun before
				expiration, dwellings built but not completed yet.

H-Rw007	Adj 188 Southwell Road East (2017/0854/OUT) lapsed	2024/25	0/7	Poor Outline permission lapsed 02/03/21. No current applications for this site.
H-Ng004	52 Ratcliffe Gate (2016/0574/ST)	Lapsed	0/9	Poor Lapsed 17/03/19. No current application for this site
H-Gf008	Yasmee (2016/0400/ST)	Completed	10 / 10	Good Site completed.
H-Ra006	Land at Northfield House (2017/0538/OUT) (2018/0261/RES)	Site complete.	6/6	Good Site completed.
H-Wc020	Wood Lane, Church Warsop (2017/0633/PIP) (2018/0646/OUT)	2024/25	0/30	Good 2018/0646/OUT, granted 26/11/19. Permission lapsing November 2022.
H-Ne008	Welbeck Farm (2015/0635/NT) (2020/0298/RES)	2024/25	0/18	Good 2020/0298/RES decision issued October 2021. No works have begun yet.
H-Wc008	Moorfield Farm (2014/0654/NT) (2014/0069/NT) (2017/0158/RES)	Under construction	18 / 25	Good Construction started May 2017

	Oak Garage	2024/25	0/9	Poor	
H-Me008	(2016/0028/NT)			Outline permission lapsed 14/11/19.	
				2020/0045/FUL granted permission with conditions for retail unit	
	Elksley House	2024/25	0 / 10	Poor	
H-Ne005	(2017/0518/OUT)			Outline permission lapsed 17/10/2020.	
				No applications for this site currently	

Policy H3: Housing Density and Mix					
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress		
Average density of major residential planning permissions	Information only	22.4 dph	N/A		
Mix of house types on major residential planning permissions	Information only	Homes granted planning permission where no. of bedrooms known between 01/04/21 and 31/03/22	N/A		
Please note this is 'where known' as some outline applications do not specify this information. Unspecified data has been removed.		4+ bed – 30.94% (1558) 3 bed – 35.58% (1792) 2 bed – 26.83% (1351) 1 bed – 6.65% (335)			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored			

Policy H4: Affordable housing			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Number of affordable homes completed	55dpa when assessed on a	2013/14 – 8	Poor
	three year rolling average	2014/15 – 20	
		2015/16 – 76	Three year average below target
		2016/17 – 76	(36.9% of target)
		2017/18 – 25	
		2018/19 – 77	
		2019/20 – 18	
		2020/21 – 31	
		2021/22 – 12	
		Three year average = 20.3	
Number on housing waiting list	Reduce	See table below	Good
			Overall total on the housing waiting
			list has decreased.
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	10%	One application referred to the
granted contrary to policy			1998 Local Plan, where the
			threshold was 15 dwellings. The
			threshold is now 10 dwellings.
			Other applications also were shown
			to be unviable, so affordable
			housing provision was dropped.
Number of affordable homes granted	Information Only	2013/14 – 264 homes / £4,250,000	N/A
planning permission		2014/15 – 145 homes / £325,000	

2015/16 – 60 homes / £247,867
2016/17 – 8 homes / £187,709
2017/18 – 36 homes / £140,000
2018/19 – 183 homes/£475,000
2019/20 – 52 homes / £225,000
2020/21 – 63 homes / £561,089
2021/22 – 148 homes / £26,112.18

Number on Housing Waiting List						
	Band 1	Band 2	Band 3	Band 4	Band 5	Total
As of 10 January 2018	137	560	1,929	80	3,400	6,106
As of 20 January 2020	93	433	2,789	88	4,424	7,827
As of 31 March 2021	98	440	2,637	61	3,781	7,017
As of 31 March 2022	105	460	2,371	62	2,705	5,703

Policy H5: Custom and self-build						
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress			
Number of custom and self-build homes completed	Increase	Of the houses completed during the monitoring period, 0 were identified as self or custom build.	Poor.			
Number of custom or self-build plots granted planning permission	Delivery of sufficient plots with planning permission to meet need identified on self/custom build register.	3 identified planning permissions granted for custom or self-build plots during the monitoring period.	Good. Plots are being delivered for custom or self-build.			
Number of people on self-build register	Information only (June 2022)	12 individuals and have expressed an interest in Mansfield district.	N/A			

		9 individuals and 1 group have expressed an interest in Ashfield & Mansfield districts.	
		12 individuals and 1 group have expressed an interest in Mansfield & Newark & Sherwood districts.	
		49 individuals and 2 groups have expressed an interest in all 3 districts.	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy H6: Specialist housing						
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress			
Number of net additional C2 beds granted planning permission	Increase	One application relating to a 69 bedroom care home (C2), leading to a net gain of 2,771 sqm C2 space - 2018/0764/FUL.	Good. Increase from 3 beds in the last monitoring period.			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	0%	No permissions were granted contrary to policy H6.			

Policy H7: Homes in multiple occupation					
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress		
Net additional HMOs granted planning	Information only	2013/14 – 0 beds	N/A		
permission		2014/15 – 6 beds			
		2015/16 – 24 beds	The amount of HMO's granted		
		2016/17 – 35 beds	permission has increased from		
		2017/18 – 50 beds	previous years.		
		2018/19 – 11 beds			
		2019/20 – 17 beds			
		2020/21 – 7 beds			
		2021/22 – 32 beds			
Number of HMO licenses granted	Information only	2013/14 – 23 beds	There is a steady supply of HMO		
		2014/15 – 63 beds	licenses being granted.		
		2015/16 – 28 beds			
		2016/17 – 65 beds	The period 21/22 had 15 licenses		
		2017/18 – 116 beds	granted, equating to 116 beds.		
		2018/19 – 138 beds			
		2019/20 – 29 beds			
		2020/21 – 13 beds			
		2021/22 – 116 beds			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	0%	There has been no planning applications granted contrary to policy H7.		

Policy H8: Accommodation for Gypsies, Travelers and travelling show people			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Net additional pitches / sites delivered.	ТВС	To be determined as part of the Local Plan Review.	Poor
Delivery of transit site	ТВС	To be determined as part of the Local Plan Review.	Work to commence as per the LDS.
Number of Travelling Show People plots delivered	ТВС	To be determined as part of the Local Plan Review.	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	ТВС	To be determined as part of the Local Plan Review.	

10 Employment

- 10.1 Alongside new housing, the council has to ensure that there is sufficient employment land in the right locations to meet the needs of business and the district's workforce. This is important in creating a stronger, more diverse, local economy. In addition, a flourishing local economy works strongly towards objectives to raise skills and qualifications amongst the workforce which is an important issue locally. This in turn helps to provide positive benefits for improving longevity of local businesses and peoples' overall quality of life.
- 10.2 The Local Plan seeks to develop a strong and thriving economy, improving employment opportunities for all skills and diversifying the economy. It helps to meet the council's aspirations to increase the skill base for existing residents and employees, to attract a higher skill base and more knowledge rich industries to the area.

Policy E1: Enabling economic development			
Indicator Target Status Progress			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	0%	No applications have been granted contrary to policy E1.

Policy E2: Sites allocated as new employment areas			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
E2a – Ratcher Hill Quarry employment area	Delivery post 2025	Application granted in October 2021 - 2021/0347/FUL.	Good Sufficient time to allow delivery of employment of time by 2025
E2b – Oakfield Lane, Market Warsop	Delivery post 2025	No application yet submitted.	Good Sufficient time to allow for application post 2025.
E2c – Penniment Farm	Post 2023	Residential side of the development is making progress with completions. At the time of writing, an application has been received (2022/0412/FUL), although a decision has not been made.	Satisfactory Forms part of a mixed use scheme: residential element under construction and is seeing completions.

Policy E3: Retaining land for employment uses: key and general employment areas				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
E3a – Old Mill Lane Industrial Estate, Old Mill Lane, Mansfield Woodhouse	Continued operation for employment purposes	Permissions 2021/0235/FUL – 3,683 sqm B8	Satisfactory Site remains available for	
	C	2021/0233/10L = 3,083 3q111 B8	employment use	
E3b – Sherwood Oaks Business Park,	Continued operation for		Satisfactory	
Southwell Road West, Mansfield	employment purposes		Site remains available for employment use	
E3c – Millennium Business Park,	Continued operation for	<u>Permissions</u>	Satisfactory	
Chesterfield Road North, Mansfield	employment purposes	2021/0663/FUL – 2,120 sqm B2	Site remains available for employment use	
E3d – Oakham Business Park, Hamilton	Continued operation for	<u>Permissions</u>	Satisfactory	
Way, Mansfield	employment purposes	2022/0078/FUL – 80 sqm B8	Site remains available for employment use	
E3e – Oak Tree Business Park, Oak Tree	Continued operation for	<u>Permissions</u>	Satisfactory	
Lane, Mansfield	employment purposes	2021/0842/FUL – 142 sqm B1(c)/E(g)(iii)	Site remains available for employment use	
		2022/0061/FUL – 20 sqm B8		
E3f – Botany Commercial Park, Botany	Continued operation for		Satisfactory	
Ave, Mansfield	employment purposes		Site remains available for	
F2a December Industrial Estate The	Continued operation for		employment use	
E3g – Broadway Industrial Estate, The Broadway, Mansfield	employment purposes		Satisfactory Site remains available for	
Broadway, Mansheld	,		employment use	

F3h Durata Business Control Control	Continued operation for		Catiofactam
E3h – Brunts Business Centre, Samuel	•		Satisfactory
Brunts Way, Mansfield	employment purposes		Site remains available for
			employment use
E3i – Commercial Gate, Mansfield	Continued operation for		Satisfactory
	employment purposes		Site remains available for
			employment use
F3: Current France Industrial Fatata	Continued operation for	Dameiroia na	
E3j – Crown Farm Industrial Estate,	•	Permissions	Satisfactory
Crown Farm Way, Mansfield	employment purposes	2021/0872/FUL – 40.5 sqm B2	Site remains available for
			employment use
E3k – Mansfield Woodhouse Gateway,	Continued operation for		Satisfactory
Off Grove Way, Mansfield Woodhouse	employment purposes		Site remains available for
,,			employment use
	Continued according for		
E3I – Ransom Wood Business Park,	Continued operation for		Satisfactory
Southwell Road West, Mansfield	employment purposes		Site remains available for
			employment use
E3m – Bellamy Road Industrial Centre,	Continued operation for		Satisfactory
Bellamy Road, Mansfield	employment purposes		Site remains available for
, .			employment use
	Continued energtion for		· ·
E3n – Hermitage Lane Industrial Estate,	Continued operation for	<u>Permissions</u>	Satisfactory
Hermitage Lane, Mansfield	employment purposes	2021/0362/COU - loss of 494.4 sqm	Site remains available for
		B2	employment use
		2021/0808/FUL – 84.4 sqm	
		B1(c)/E(g)(iii)	
E3o – Maunside, Hermitage Lane,	Continued operation for		Satisfactory

Mansfield	employment purposes		Site remains available for employment us
E3p – Warsop Enterprise Centre, Burns Lane, Market Warsop	Continued operation for employment purposes		Satisfactory Site remains available for employment use
E3q – The Hub, Sherwood St, Market Warsop	Continued operation for employment purposes		Satisfactory Site remains available for employment use
E3r – Sherwood Business Park (adj. Ransom wood Business Park), Southwell Rd, Mansfield	Continued operation for employment purposes		Satisfactory Site remains available for employment use
E3s – Ratcher Hill	Continued operation for employment purposes		Satisfactory Site remains available for employment use
E3t – Bleak Hills	Continued operation for employment purposes		Satisfactory Site remains available for employment use
E3u – Quarry Lane, Mansfield	Continued operation for employment purposes	Permissions 2021/0093/FUL – 189.5 sqm B1(c)/E(g)(iii)	Satisfactory Site remains available for employment use
E3v – Pelham Street	Continued operation for employment purposes		Satisfactory Site remains available for employment use

Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Vacancy rate on key employment areas	Reduce	3.9% of land designated by Policy E3	Satisfactory
		is vacant.	No reduction in vacant plots over the last year
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	0%	No planning applications have been granted contrary to policy E3.

Policy E4: Other industrial and business development			
Indicator Target Status Progress			
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	0%	No planning applications have been
granted contrary to policy			granted contrary to policy E4.

Policy E5: Improving skills and economic inclusion				
Indicator Target Status Progress				
Percentage (%) of major schemes where	50%	There has been no local labour agreements secured	Poor	
a local labour agreement is secured	No local labour agreements have			
			been secured.	

11 Retail

11.1 Ensuring the vitality of town centres is a key principle for delivering sustainable development, as set out in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). Paragraph 85 recognises that town centres are a key focus for communities and requires councils to set out policies which support their viability and vitality.

Policy RT1: Main town centres				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Percentage (%) of retail applications of 500sqm or more without an Impact Assessment	0%	No applications of this type during the 21/22 period.	N/A	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	0%	No planning applications were granted contrary to policy RT1.	

RT2: Mansfield Town centre strategy			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Venue score ranking	Improve	2017 - 137 th	There has been no recent venue score ranking.
Percentage (%) of town centre units	Reduce	March 2017 – 13%	Moderate
vacant		March 2018 – 12.9%	Increase in vacancy rate on previous
		March 2019 – 14.2%	year.
		March 2020 – Not monitored due to	
		COVID-19	Could be down to the factors from
		March 2021 – Not monitored due to COVID-19	the COVID-19 pandemic and general trend of the high street.

		March 2022 – 20%	
Progress with preparation of town	Preparation in accordance with	Town Centre masterplan has been	Good
centre masterplan / investment	key stages	to consultation which ended in	Town Centre masterplan has been
framework		December 2021.	to consultation which ended in
			December 2021.

RT3: Mansfield town centre primary shopping area			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Percentage (%) of ground floor units in	No more than 25% in primary	Primary – 18%	Good
non-A1 use	frontages	Secondary – 45%	
			Below the target for primary and
Indicator should now refer to non-Class E	No more than 50% in secondary		secondary frontages.
(a) use.	frontages		
Loss of units of 500sqm or more from A1	Zero	Zero	Good
use			
			There has been no loss in units of
Indicator should now refer to Class E(a)			this size or above for Class E (a)/A1.
use			
			Please note that changes within
			Class E no longer require planning
			permission.
Instances of continuous frontage of non-	Zero instances of 3 or more in	Data not available	N/A
A1 units	primary frontages		
Indicator should now refer to Class E(a)	Zero instances of 4 or more in		
use	secondary frontages		

Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	0%	No planning applications were
granted contrary to policy			granted contrary to policy RT3.

RT4: Mansfield town centre improvements			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Progress with enhancements to Old Town Hall.	By 2023	Project now completed, ahead of target date.	Good Project completed.
Progress with enhancements to Four Seasons Shopping Centre.	ТВС	Town Centre masterplan has been to consultation which ended in December 2021.	Good Work is ongoing on the town centre masterplan.
Progress with enhancements to Rosemary Centre	TBC	Application for this site received in June 2021 – 2021/0488/FUL. The application looks to develop retail, food and drink/takeaway, with car parking.	Good An application is in for this site. Although it is undetermined, it is reasonable to say it could be determined by the end of 2023.
Progress with enhancements to Beales Department store	TBC	Town Centre masterplan has been to consultation which ended in December 2021. It was announced in January 2023, that Mansfield District Council was successful in a £20m bid to transform the former department store into a multi-agency hub.	Good Funding was secured in January 2023 from the Governments Levelling Up Fund to transform the building into a multi-agency hub.

Policy RT5: Accessing Mansfield town centre			
Indicator Target Status Progress			
Details of improvements secured as part of major development proposals	Information only	Please see the table below.	N/A
		This relates to Section 106 agreements where a development is	
Please note that any contributions or improvements for schools or roads go to NCC.		in close proximity to Mansfield Town Centre.	

Location	Application Reference	Details of improvements as part of major developments
Thoresby Street, Wood Street, Lindley Street	2020/0458/FUL	100% affordable housing (9 units)
Portland Mill, Victoria Street	2020/0147/FUL	Health contribution of £43,433
Old Bus Station, Stockwell Gate	2020/0210/FUL	 Unit 4 not to be brought into use until Units 2 and 3 have been constructed
Bath Mill, Bath Lane	2020/0068/FUL	Green corridor contribution of £13,500

RT6: Retail and leisure allocations			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
RT6a - Former bus station, Stockwell	Delivery by 2023	Planning permission granted in	Good
Gate North		November 2020 (2020/0210/FUL).	On track for delivery by 2023
		At the time of writing (October	
		2022) three restaurant/drive thru	

		units have been completed, however no progress with the hotel.	
RT6b – Belvedere Street	After 2023	Outline permission granted in July 2018 (2018/0321/OUT) - Lapsed in July 2021. Site has been granted for use as a temporary car park for a period of 5 years (2020/0313/COU).	Poor Although there is a willing land owner in place the site has had planning permission for a number of years and no occupier has been identified, unlikely to be delivered in the short term.
RT6c - Frontage to Ransom Wood Business Park	Delivery by 2023	Planning permission granted in July 2020 (2019/0019/FUL). Site is mostly completed with three restaurants / drive thrus open. No progress with car rental unit.	Good Development is mostly completed. Sufficient time to allow delivery by 2023.

Policy RT7: Retail and leisure commitments				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
SUE3 – Berry Hill	By 2023	Part of a wider strategic development that is underway. Phase 1 is close to completion.	Moderate The wider development is under construction but no progress on the retail element of the scheme.	
		The commercial aspect is expected to arrive in Phase 5, for 3.1 ha although this may change.	Looks very unlikely to be completed by 2023.	

RT7a – 116 to 120 Chesterfield Road North	By 2023	Outline planning permission (2017/0033/OUT) lapsed in April 2020.	Moderate Application has been granted, works could be completed within time frame.
		Full application to demolish and rebuild to provide a hot food takeaway (2021/0522/FUL).	
RT7b – Former Pavilion, Racecourse Park	By 2023	Completed	Good Project completed.
RT7c – 39 Stockwell Gate	By 2023	Permission to change use from B1 to A1, A2, A3, or A5 implemented.	Good Permission implemented.
RT7d – Former Strand Cinema, Church Street	By 2023	Permission granted in October 2019. (2019/0252/FUL). Site has been cleared however no construction has commenced.	Moderate Application has been approved and site cleared, but no progress appears to have been made over the monitoring period.

Policy RT8: District and local centres			
Target	Status	Progress	
A1 remains at 40%	<u>District Centres</u>	Moderate	
	Mansfield Woodhouse – 26.8%		
	Market Warsop – 42.3%	It is a concern that a number of	
	Local Contros	town centres are below the 40%	
	Clipstone Rd West – 26.9%	target for E (a) uses.	
	Target	Target Status A1 remains at 40% District Centres Mansfield Woodhouse – 26.8% Market Warsop – 42.3% Local Centres	

		Fulmar Close – 18.1%	
		Ladybrook Lane – 61%	Although Ladybrook Lane is over the
		Newgate Lane – 36.1%	target by 20%.
		Nottingham Rd – 42.8%	
		Ratcliffe Gate - 21%	However, the use classes order now
		Berry Hill – not yet built	allows units to change from E(a) to
		Pleasley Hill Farm – not yet built	other Class E uses without the need
			for a formal planning application.
			Progress to be monitored in future
			AMRs.
Percentage (%) of town	Reduce	<u>District Centres</u>	Moderate
centre units vacant		Mansfield Woodhouse – 18.5%	
		Market Warsop – 14.1%	District centres hold the most
			vacant units, although both are
		<u>Local Centres</u>	lower than the figure seen for
		Clipstone Rd West – 11.5%	Mansfield Town Centre.
		Fulmar Close – 0%	
		Ladybrook Lane – 0.07%	Local centres seems to have a lower
		Newgate Lane – 19.4%	vacancy rate although Clipstone
		Nottingham Rd – 0.04%	Road West and Newgate Lane have
		Ratcliffe Gate – 0.05%	a much higher vacant rate.
		Berry Hill – not yet built	
		Pleasley Hill Farm – not yet built	Progress to be monitored in future
			AMRs.
Percentage (%) of	0%	0%	No planning applications have been
planning applications			granted contrary to policy RT8.

granted contrary to		
policy		

Policy RT9: Neighbourhood parades			
Indicator	Target	Status ¹⁸	Progress
Percentage (%) of A1 retail use within	Remains at 40%	41.1%	Good
parades			Status is above target, although the
			indicator now refers to Class E(a)
Indicator should now refer to Class E(a)			not A1.
use			
			It is also important to note that changes
			within Class E no longer require formal
			planning permission.
Percentage (%) of vacant units	Reduce	0.06%	Good
			Vacancy rate on neighbourhood
			parades is low.
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	0%	Good
granted contrary to policy			There has been no planning
			applications granted contrary to
			policy RT9.

Policy RT10: Hot food takeaways			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Number of applications for A5 uses	Zero	There has been no planning	Good

¹⁸ Note figures are cumulative for all neighbourhood parades

approved within 400m of a secondary		applications approved for a hot food	No applications for a hot food
school or college		takeaway within 400m of a	takeaway have been approved
		secondary school or a college.	within 400m of a secondary school
Indicator should now refer to hot food			or college.
takeaways (sui generis) not A5			
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	0%	Good
granted contrary to policy			No planning applications related to
			hot food takeaways were granted
			within an exclusion zone.
			No planning applications related to
			hot food takeaways were granted
			where it was deemed to cause harm
			to amenity.

- 6.10 The Public Health England Health Profile (2019) for the district reports that 22.9% (275) of year 6 children are classified as obese. This is worse than the average for England. There has been no updated statistics for this since 2019.
 - 11.11 Between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, there were no applications approved for hot food takeaways within a 400m buffer (as the crow flies) of a secondary school or college.

Policy RT11: Visitor economy				
Indicator Target Status Progress				
Number of new hotel rooms / floor space of visitor accommodation built	Information only	2018/0171/FUL -100 bed hotel – lapsed July 2021.	N/A	

		2018/0281/FUL – 63 bed hotel – completed.	
		2019/0427/FUL – 18 bed hotel – due to lapse in November 2022.	
		2020/0210/FUL – 100 bed hotel – granted November 2020,	
		_	
		site preparation commenced.	
Details of new visitor and tourist	Information only	2019/0151/FUL – Drive thru restaurant – refused	N/A
attractions provided		08/10/2019 (but granted at appeal 13/01/21).	
		2019/0225/FUL – Drive thru restaurant – granted	
		19/12/2019.	
		,	
		2019/0019/FUL – 2 Drive thru restaurant/cafés, 1 restaurant and vehicle rental unit – granted 03/07/2020 (drive thrus completed).	
		2020/0210/FULL Hetel 2 restourants and 2 drive thru	
		2020/0210/FUL – Hotel, 2 restaurants and 2 drive thru	
		restaurants – granted 03/11/2020 (drive thrus completed).	
		Although it is not related to permanent planning permissions, Mansfield is due to host the Tour of Britain Stage 5 on 8 th September 2022, with the route going through Mansfield Woodhouse, Warsop and finishing on Chesterfield Road South.	
		Any impacts this attraction has on the district will be	

		reported in the next AMR.	
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	Not yet monitored	
granted contrary to policy			

12 Sustainable urban extensions

- 6.12 Large scale, mixed-use sites on the edge of the urban area can contribute to meet housing needs. They can deliver new communities including homes, employment opportunities and new infrastructure. However, due their size, the need for upfront infrastructure and potential for multiple landowners, they are more complex to deliver in a sustainable way and often face challenges of viability.
- 6.13 Allocation of these sites establishes the principles of development giving certainty to both residents and developers, enabling funding to be sought to support bringing them forward and providing a head start in identifying future housing and employment land supply.

Policy SUE1: Pleasley Hill Farm				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Progress with delivery of site	Information only	Planning application (outline) for this site has been granted by the planning committee, subject to the prior completion of a S106 agreement.	Moderate Slightly behind expected timetable.	
Number of homes completed	Delivery from 2023/24	Reserved matters / full planning permission not yet granted	Moderate Slightly behind expected timetable	
Amount of retail floorspace provided	Delivery from 2023/24	Reserved matters / full planning permission not yet granted	Moderate	

Policy SUE2: Land off Jubilee Way				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Progress with delivery of site	Information only	No planning applications granted.	Moderate	
			Slightly behind expected timetable	
Number of homes completed	Delivery from 2023/24	No planning applications granted.	Moderate	
			Slightly behind expected timetable	
Amount of retail floor space provided	Delivery from 2023/24	No planning applications granted.	Moderate	
			Slightly behind expected timetable	
Amount of economic area provided (in	Delivery from 2024	No planning applications granted.	Moderate	
hectares)			Slightly behind expected timetable	
			Slightly behind expected timetable	
Amount of economic area provided (in	Delivery from 2023/24	Reserved matters / full planning	Moderate	
hectares)		permission not yet granted	Slightly behind expected timetable	

Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Progress with delivery of site	Information only	Whole site has outline planning	Good
		permission; four parcels have	
		reserved matters approved.	Site is under construction and
			progressing well
		2016/0599/ST - 05/04/2017 (95)	93 / 95
		2017/0014/RES – 03/05/2017 (277)	248 / 277
		2017/0618/RES – 07/02/2018 (146)	134/ 146
		2020/0435/RES – 17/12/2020 (63)	21 / 63
		Application for phase 2 has been	
		submitted, although no decision has	
		been made - 2021/0489/RES.	
		Future AMRs will monitor the	
		progress.	
Number of homes completed	2017/18 – 0 2025/26 – 90	Currently under construction on 4	Good
	2018/19 - 130 2026/27 - 90	parcels.	
	2019/20 – 95 2027/28 – 90		On track and above Local Plan
	2020/21 – 90 2028/29 – 90	2017/18 – 0	trajectory figures.
	2021/22 – 90 2029/30 – 90	2018/19 – 36	
	2022/23 – 90 2030/31 – 90	2019/20 – 131	
	2023/24 – 90 2031/32 – 60	2020/21 – 172	
	2024/25 – 90 2032/33 – 60	2021/22 – 157	

Amount of retail floorspace provided	Delivery as part of construction of Phase 2	Application for phase 2 has been received although no decision has been made.	Satisfactory
Amount of economic area provided (in hectares)	Delivery as part of construction of Phase 3	An application has been received for the employment aspect of the development – 2022/0412/FUL.	Satisfactory

13 Infrastructure

- 6.14 Infrastructure provides the physical, social and economic fabric supporting communities. These help deliver essential services and take on various forms which are often interrelated. These include:
 - Social health (e.g. doctor's surgeries and hospitals), education (nursery, primary, secondary and higher), libraries, community facilities, children's centres, post offices and sports/leisure, social and elderly housing, disabled people's access and services;
 - Waste management waste collection, processing and disposal/recycling;
 - Utilities gas, electricity, water, wastewater, telecommunications, broadband;
 - Flood risk flood prevention/protection/alleviation from different sources
 - Transport public transport, walking, cycling and highways;
 - Green/blue infrastructure natural and semi-natural green space, green corridors, amenity green space, parks and recreation grounds, outdoor sports facilities, play areas, allotments and water features. This also includes the networks of green infrastructure providing multiple benefits for people and wildlife;
 - Cultural facilities museum and theatre;
 - Public realm improvements and public art; and
 - Any other infrastructure deemed necessary to mitigate the impact of a development.

Policy IN1: Infrastructure delivery				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Progress with delivery of priority	Provision of priority	This is listed in the Infrastructure	Good	
infrastructure required in district	infrastructure	Funding Statement (IFS). Please		
		visit:	Infrastructure is being delivered	
		https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/pla	through Section 106 agreements.	
		nning/infrastructure-funding-		
		statement/1		
		Planning permissions have been		
		permitted in 2021/22 that would		
		generate £304,414 towards		
		infrastructure if they all go ahead		
		as planned. This is down on last		
		year's amount of £745,003.		
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	Not yet monitored		
granted contrary to policy				

Policy IN2: Green infrastructure			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy IN3: Protection of community open space and outdoor sports provision			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Net change in area (hectares) of community open space and sports provision identified for protection in the Local Plan ¹⁹	No net loss of those identified for protection in the Local Plan	One application (2021/0195/FUL) granted in IN3 policy area – Committee report stated the areas of public open space are tired and of poor quality, which this scheme would provide a suitable replacement	Good No net loss of areas identified in the Local Plan. One application granted although it was identified that it would provide a suitable replacement.
Percentage (%) of major residential planning permission which accord with the Mansfield Green Space Standard	100%	Not yet monitored	
Percentage (%) of applications granted contrary to the recommendations in the Playing Pitch Strategy	0%	0%	Good
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy IN4: Creation of community open space and outdoor sports provision in new development			
Indicator Target Status Progress			
Details of new community open space and sports provision	Information only	Recently adopted the Sandlands Open Space including a play area	N/A
Percentage (%) of major residential	100%	Not yet monitored	

¹⁹ Includes replacement for the loss of open space / outdoor sports provision identified in the Local Plan. Fully new open space is monitored under IN4.

planning permissions which accord with the Mansfield Green Space Standard			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy IN5: Protection and creation of allotments			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Net change in allotments (hectares)	No net loss (ha)	No net loss	Good No net loss in allotment area
Number of people on waiting list	Reduce	As of September 2022, there are 183 on the waiting list for Mansfield District Council owned allotments.	Poor This is an increase of the amount on the waiting list from the previous monitoring period.
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	N/A

13.15 There are 14 statutory (i.e. council owned) allotments in the district with a total of 606 plots. All allotments owned by Mansfield District Council within the Mansfield and Mansfield Woodhouse Area are managed by the council and a dedicated allotment officer, with the assistance of site reps who are on some allotment sites district wide. There are 24 allotments in other ownership.

Mansfield District Council are only offering half-sized plots to new plot holders, this is to gently get them in to the allotment management, maintenance and cultivation routine. As a result, there is a mixture of full and half plots currently being rented out on council-owned allotments.

13.16 The average vacancy rate for all MDC owned allotments is 16.8% (percent). The council is addressing all vacant plots on sites to clear and prepare each plot by improving conditions to bring allotments back into use and promoting the use of half plots to facilitate greater uptake of allotments. Work with other allotment providers will also be undertaken to gain more information on vacancy rates.

With a dedicated allotment officer commencing work in late January 2023, it is anticipated that all allotment sites and the standards of plots within each site will improve as will identification of uncultivated plots to enable the council to act swiftly to solve cultivation and maintenance issues before a plot becomes overgrown and unmanageable. Further work to clear plots for occupancy will be taking place throughout 2023 with the aim to reduce vacant plot numbers and in turn, turn those vacant plots into occupied and rented plots, therefore reducing the waiting list numbers.

Policy IN6: Designated local green space			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Loss of designated local green space	No loss	No loss	Good
			No net loss in designated local
			green space
Details of planning permissions granted on Local Green Space	Information only	One permission was granted within the policy zones IN6 - 2021/0679/TCA. The permission relates to works to trees and hedges.	N/A
Percentage (%) of planning permissions granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

13.17 Local green space designations are new designations in the adopted local plan (2013-2033) which includes a total of 14 local green space designations ranging from green flag parks to smaller parks and natural areas. These are either in local authority or community/trustee ownership.

Policy IN7: Local shops, community and cultural facilities			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy IN8: Protecting and improving the sustainable transport network			
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress
Progress with delivery of identified transport schemes	Progress as per agreed timetable	See table below	N/A
Number of new planning permissions for residential, employment and retail within 400m of a bus stop.	Information only	Not yet monitored	N/A
Percentage (%) of new dwellings and retail and employment floor space within 400m of a train station.	Information only	Not yet monitored	N/A
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored	

Policy	Transport scheme	Status
IN8 (2a)	A6191 Ratcliffe Gate (bus priority)	The County Council is currently safeguarding a scheme for possible construction during the third Local Transport Plan for Nottinghamshire, 2011-2026. This scheme does not however feature in the LTP3 implementation programme for 2021/22.
IN8 (2b)	A60 Nottingham Road (bus priority)	The County Council is currently investigating the feasibility of a scheme for possible construction during the third Local Transport Plan for Nottinghamshire, 2011-2026. This scheme does not feature in the LTP3 implementation programme for 2021/22 but bus priority measures for this corridor are referenced within the County Council's first Bus Service Improvement Plan published in October 2021.
IN8 (2c)	A60 Woodhouse Road Improvements (bus priority)	The County Council is currently investigating the feasibility of a scheme for possible construction during the third Local Transport Plan for Nottinghamshire, 2011-2026. This scheme does not however feature in the LTP3 implementation programme for 2021/22.
IN8 (2d)	A6075 Abbott Road (Carriageway widening and realignment)	The County Council is currently investigating the feasibility of a scheme for possible construction during the third Local Transport Plan for Nottinghamshire, 2011-2026. This scheme does not however feature in the LTP3 implementation programme for 2021/22. Please note that this scheme may be delivered as part of development proposals in Mansfield.
IN8 (2e)	Dukeries Line Improvement (rail)	The County Council is currently investigating the feasibility of a scheme for possible construction during the third Local Transport Plan for Nottinghamshire, 2011-2026. This scheme does not however feature in the LTP3 implementation programme for 2021/22. The scheme was referenced in the Department for Transport's published Integrated Rail Plan for the North and Midlands on 18 November 2021.

Policy IN9: Impact of development on the transport network				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Number and type of incidents in	Reduce	See table below	Moderate	
Mansfield			The amount of serious accidents has risen, whereas slight accidents have decreased. Although the amount of fatal accidents stayed the same.	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored		

Casualties by severity (Commons library as of 2021) ²⁰				
Year	Fatal	Serious	Slight	
2021	3	32	134	
2020	3	27	152	
2019	3	22	233	
2018	2	23	251	
2017	5	32	184	
2016	1	29	207	
2015	2	36	214	
2014	3	28	240	
2013	2	36	183	

 $^{^{20}\ \}underline{\text{https://commonslibrary.parliament.uk/constituency-data-traffic-accidents}}$

IN10: Car and cycle parking				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Progress with adoption of Parking Standards SPD	To be progressed through the Nottinghamshire County Council's (NCC) Highway Design Guide	This document became Nottinghamshire County Council policy on 13 January 2021.	Good	
Number of electric charging points within district accessible to the public.	Increase	At the time of writing this report (Sep 2022), there were 62 separate electric vehicle charging points in the district (www.zap-map.com) with post codes NG17, NG18, NG19 and NG21. There were 1,820 in the East Midlands at the time of writing.	Good This was an increase from the previous year.	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored		

IN11: Telecommunications and broadband				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Average broadband speed in Mansfield	Information only	Based on Ofcom's Connected	Good	
district.		Nations Update Report (Spring		
		2022) ²¹ , 86.5% of premises had	The Mansfield district remains well	

²¹ https://www.ofcom.org.uk/research-and-data/multi-sector-research/infrastructure-research/connected-nations-update-spring-2022

		Ultrafast Broadband coverage (download speed of at least 300Mbit/s) and 99% had Superfast Broadband coverage (download speed of at least 30 Mbit/s).	covered with Ultrafast and Superfast broadband coverage.
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored	

14 Natural Environment

14.1 The district's landscape character is defined by the narrow floodplains of the rivers Maun, Meden and Sherwood and Southern Magnesian Limestone national character areas (NCA). These define the district's ecology, history and topography. The eastern half of the district is defined by its Sherwood character of sandstone outcrops, rolling hills, heathland, oak-birch woodlands and pine plantations. The western half (Magnesian limestone) is defined by rounded hills, gorges, caves and limestone grasslands. The district and surrounding areas support a rich variety of flora and fauna, including internationally rare oak-birch woodland, heathland and grasslands.

NE1: Protection and enhancement of landscape character				
Indicator Target Status Progress				
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored		

14.2 A landscape character study (2010) and a more recent update (2015) divide the district into 17 landscape policy zones, that provide overall policy actions and detail descriptions (e.g. key features, condition, sensitivity) and actions to inform protection and enhancement needs. These actions inform the determination of planning applications and ensure that proposals eliminate or minimise harm to the landscape.

NE2: Biodiversity and geodiversity				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Biodiversity	Net gain in biodiversity reflecting DEFRA biodiversity metric	Not yet monitored		
Net change in area (ha) of local wildlife sites (LWS), local geological site (LGS) and local nature reserve (LNR).	No net loss	There was an overall gain in LWS area of 2.11 ha (730.06 ha in total).	Good	
		No net loss of LNR (147.83 ha in total)	There was an overall (net) gain in LWS area and no (net) loss in LGS area.	
		No net loss of LGS (47.34 ha in total).	There was no net less of local nature reserves (LNR).	
Percentage (%) of LWS / LGS in positive management	Information only	This was not monitored this year due to Covid-19. The last information (2017/18) was 25.9% (21 out of 81). This was a decrease from 2016-2017 which was 39.7%.	Based on previous figures, a declining trend may be expected, but this is yet to be confirmed and will need to be re-assessed in the	
		It has not been possible for this to be	next AMR reporting period.	

		recorded this monitoring period (2021-22).	21/2
Details of habitat areas created by new development	Information only	Not yet monitored	N/A
Change in area (ha) of SSSIs	No loss	No change.	Good No loss
Number of planning permissions granted within SSSI impact zones	Information only	3	N/A
Percentage (%) of major applications with management plans (where relevant) for habitats, species and designated sites.	100%	Not yet monitored	N/A
Change in Ancient Woodland (ha)	No loss	No loss.	Good - No Loss
Number of applications granted within 400m of ppSPA	Information only	28 applications granted	N/A
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored	

NE3: Pollution and land instability				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Area (hectares) of land that is contaminated as defined by Part 2a of	Information only	None	Good	
the Environmental Protection Act (1990)			There is no land contaminated as defined by Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act	

			(1990).
Air quality modelling	PM _{2.5} no more than 10μgm ³	7.9 μg/m³ (based on Defra's 2018 modelled figure for the Mansfield town centre).	Good Modelling shows PM _{2.5} levels below World Health Organisation (WHO) thresholds.
			See comments below.
Number of Air Quality Management Areas (AQMAs) designated within the district	Zero	Zero	Good See comments below.
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy	0%	Not yet monitored	

14.3 Poor air, water and soil quality can arise from a number of sources. Some main sources are road traffic, industrial processes and agriculture. Most emissions are subject to non-planning legislation, regulation and permitting processes. Design and location of new development is within the scope of the planning system, including, for example, ensuring development is located in ways to avoid impacts and through the inclusion of green infrastructure.

Air quality

- 14.4 At present, there are no Air Quality Management Areas declared in the district. The most recent monitoring report provides an overview of air quality in the district during 2021 (MDC Air Quality Annual Status Report, June 2022)^[1]. This reported that monitoring within the district during 2021 continued to show no exceedances of the national Air Quality Objectives.
- 14.5 The council monitors and assesses levels of NO₂ across the district, particularly within key areas where levels have been somewhat higher. This includes: Chesterfield Road North (Pleasley), and the Debdale Lane/Chesterfield Road North traffic lights (Mansfield). Higher levels of pollutants tend to arise from high volumes of slow moving vehicles and areas with enclosed topography compounds air quality.

None of these locations were exceeding the objective in 2021, which is $40\mu g/m^3$. There were further reductions in NO₂ levels within the Pleasley area (i.e. Chesterfield Road North and Debdale Lane sites) and Old Mill Lane, where 2016 figures showed levels above the objective level.

See Tables A.3 (Annual mean NO₂ monitoring results) and B1 (monthly results) in the full MDC Air Quality Report (2022) for more details.

- 14.6 In 2018, a consultant carried out detailed dispersion modelling at three road junctions and two residential development locations for the proposed Local Plan allocation²². The junctions modelled were:
 - Debdale Lane/Abbott Road, Mansfield,
 - Chesterfield Road North/MARR, Pleasley, and
 - Nottingham Road/Park Lane, Mansfield.

The two residential developments were: Penniment Farm, Abbott Road, Mansfield, and Lindhurst, Sherwood Way East, Mansfield. A junction near the Penniment Farm scheme, was predicted to experience a 'moderate' but not a significant impact with an increase in NO₂ levels. Mansfield District Council's Environmental Health Team will continue to monitor this. Overall, the report concluded

²² Mansfield Air Quality Impact Assessment Local Plan Junctions Effects (2018) - https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/local-plan/examination-evidence

that the Local Plan would not have a significant effect on local air quality at the three targeted junctions in 2033. Similarly, the Lindhurst and Penniment Farm residential developments would not have a significant effect at the same junctions in 2021.

- 14.7 Levels of airborne dust (PM₁₀) have not been monitored since the real-time unit was decommissioned in August 2016. Along with levels of NO₂, previously-monitored levels of PM₁₀ (over the last seven years) showed a general decline.
- 14.8 Although the council does not monitor for PM_{2.5}, the study reported modelled background levels of 7.9µg/m³ for the Mansfield area, which are below the World Health Organisation's guideline value of 10µg/m³. This value is based on comparison levels, using Defra's modelled level for the district. The council's previous monitoring of PM₁₀ levels suggested that the district would not have significantly high levels of PM_{2.5} (PM_{2.5} levels tend to be approximately 0.6% of PM₁₀ levels) and the measures we are taking to reduce PM₁₀ will have a knock-on effect on PM_{2.5}.
- 14.9 The MDC Air Quality Annual Status Report identifies measures that are being undertaken to reduce emissions (Table 2.1 Progress on measures to improve air quality)^[3]. The UK Government is currently reviewing air quality targets and setting new ones as part of the emerging Environment Bill^[4]. As part of the Adopted Local Plan, an Air Quality Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) may be published to support the implementation of Policy NE3. However, as air quality is within acceptable limits an Air Quality SPD is no longer seen as required.

Contaminated land

14.10 No sites are identified as contaminated in the district, as defined by Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act (1990). The council's Contaminated Land Strategy²³ details how contaminated land is identified. Mansfield District Council continues to undertake a review of all sites across the district to identify land which may be contaminated. Where there is suspected contamination based on history of land use, relevant surveys are typically requested at the application stage to inform planning conditions to help prevent contamination.

²³ Mansfield District Council Contaminated Land Strategy - https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/pollution/contaminated-land-1

Water Quality

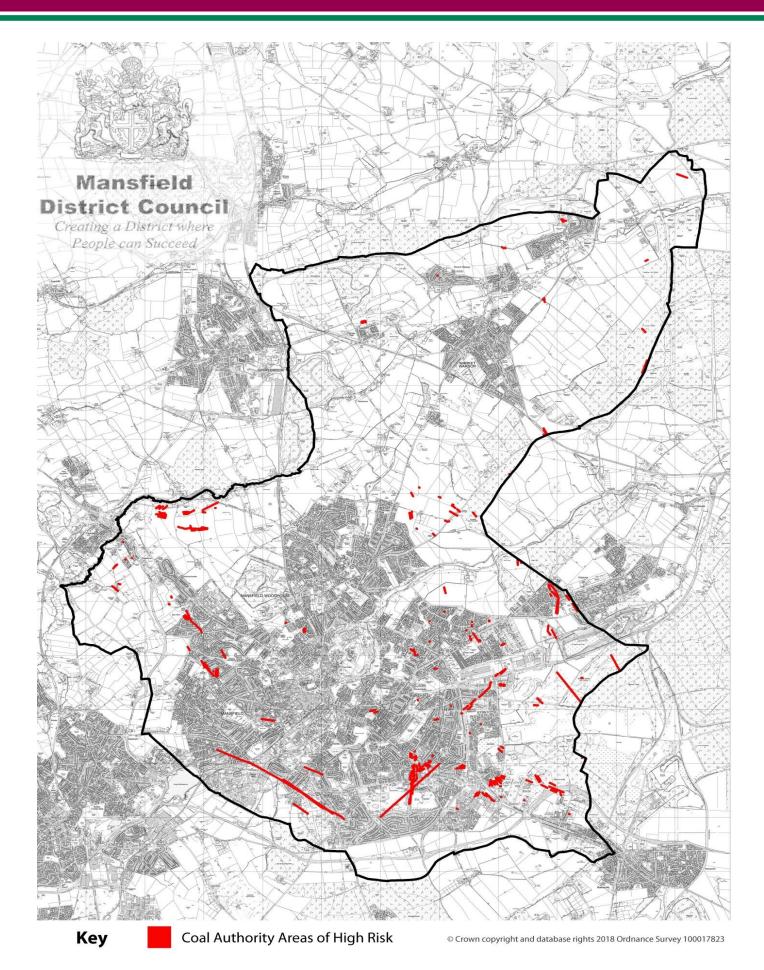
14.11 It is important that new developments do not increase negative impacts on water quality, either through direct or indirect discharge of sewage and/or surface water run-off or increased siltation through construction practices. Measures to avoid and minimise risk include, for example; integrating appropriate sustainable drainage systems (SuDS), off-setting built development away from rivers and protecting existing habitat and/or creating new habitat areas along river catchments. This is covered in more detail under policies CC3 and CC4.

Land instability

14.12 Subsidence to properties is a potential risk as a result of the districts past mining history. The Coal Authority identifies areas of high risk. Developments within former quarry sites are also at risk of land falling into gardens and properties. There have been recent landslips within the Former Berry Hill Quarry site²⁴. The council continues to risk assess all areas that are deemed at risk of landslip and will need to be a consideration as part of planning applications within these areas.

NE4: Mineral Safeguarding Areas				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored		

²⁴ https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/planning/berry-hill-quarry-landslip/1



15 Historic Environment

- 15.1 Mansfield district includes a number of historic buildings and historic areas; this includes listed buildings, conservation areas, non-designated heritage assets and areas of archaeological importance. The historic environment is protected by policies in the local plan and the NPPF, as well as specific legislation.
- 15.2 Overall the historic environment includes²⁵:
 - 242 listed buildings,
 - 11 conservation areas²⁶,
 - 4 scheduled monuments, and
 - 1 registered park and garden.

In addition there are a number of non-designated heritage assets.

HE1: Historic environment					
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress		
Percentage (%) of district's heritage assets classified as 'at risk'.	Reduce	 Bridge Street, Mansfield (conservation area); Church of St John the Evangelist, St John Street, Mansfield (grade II listed 	Satisfactory – no change; these assets are still 'at risk' but no others have been classified as 'at risk'.		

²⁵ https://historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-

list/results/?searchType=NHLE+Simple&search=Mansfield&facetValues=facet_ddl_countyDistrict%3AMansfield%3AcountyDistrict%7C

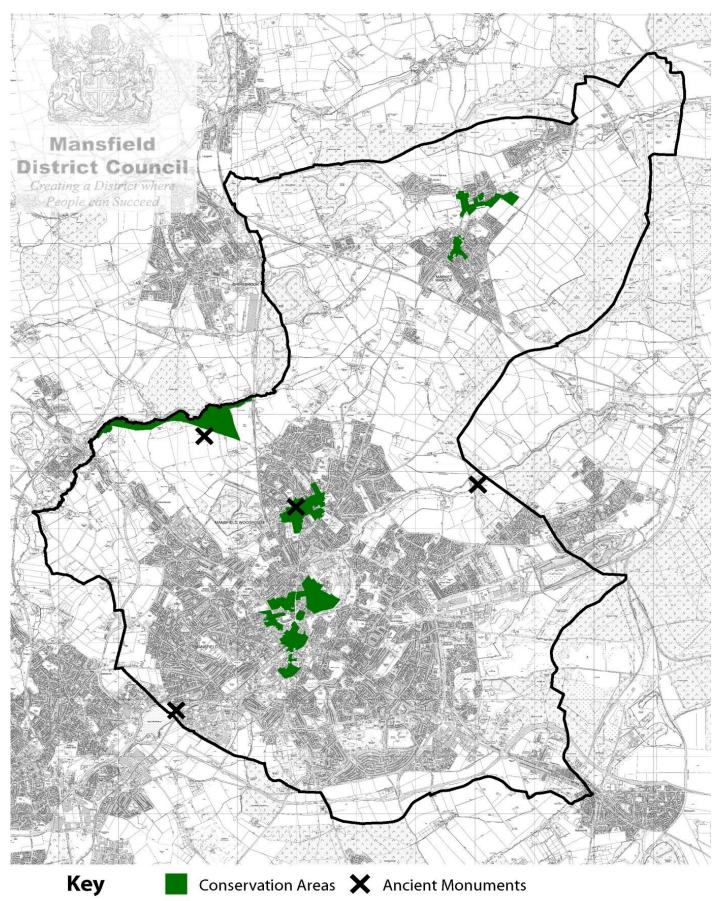
²⁶ https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/heritage-conservation-trees-hedges/conservation-areas-1

Date of most recent Conservation Area Appraisal	Information only	building); and • Roman villa ESE of Northfield House (scheduled monument). The Park – April 2014 Market Place – September 2013 Bridge Street – September 2013 West Gate – March 2017 Pleasley Park and Vale – January 2016 ²⁷ Crow Hill Drive – December 2009 Mansfield Woodhouse – November 2011 Church Warsop – March 2012 Nottingham Road – March 2013 Terrace Road – April 2013	Moderate All conservation areas have character appraisals and management plans but all are more than five years old.
Number of applications approved	Information only	Market Warsop – March 2015 0	Good
against Historic England advice			
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored	

HE2: Pleasley Vale Regeneration Area				
Indicator Target Status Progress				
Percentage (%) of planning applications	0%	Not yet monitored		

²⁷ The Pleasley Park and Vale Conservation Area is split between Mansfield District and Bolsover District. Bolsover District Council is still to adopt the updated Appraisal and Management Plan.

granted contrary to policy.		



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16 Climate change

16.1 Mitigating and adapting to climate change is one of the most important challenges facing society today. It requires commitment and action at a local level, but within a national framework. The NPPF stresses that planning has an important role to play in helping to reduce CO₂ emissions, minimise vulnerability and provide resilience to the impacts of climate change.

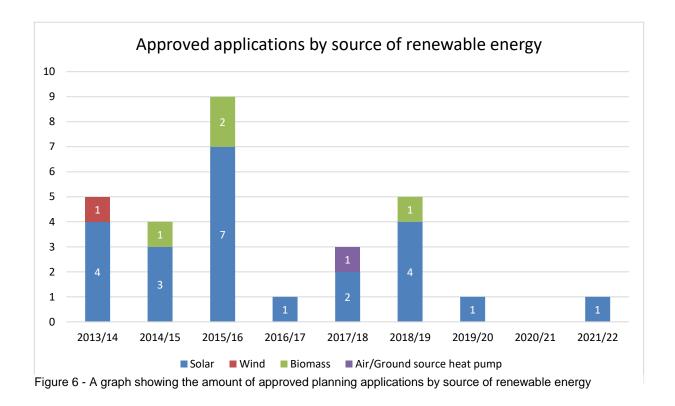
CC1: Renewable and low carbon energy generation				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Details of applications renewable and low carbon energy ²⁸	Information only	One application was approved for renewable or low carbon energy (1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022). The application is for a photovoltaic system. The overall capacity for all approved renewable and low energy schemes for this monitoring period is 410.4 Kwp.	Moderate This is an increase from 0 last year, however the uptake of renewables is very low compared to the total number of approved applications for this period.	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored		

²⁸ Details to include type of renewable or low carbon energy and installed capacity

16.2 The graph below shows the numbers of approved applications by source of renewable / low carbon energy over the last nine reporting years.

Applications for micro-generation renewables on individual properties, such as solar panels, aren't generally required as these are considered within permitted development rights, unless these are for a listed building or in a conservation area. Thus, the figures for renewables on private properties may be higher than reported in this AMR.

The number of applications for renewables is significantly down from 2015-2016, when subsidies for solar PV renewables were more readily available. Overall, the uptake of renewables, in respect to larger developments is relatively low in the district.



CC2: Flood Risk				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Number of applications granted against Environment Agency advice	0	No applications were granted against Environment Agency advice – This needs a discussion over best way to monitor this, think it will be best to say Not Yet Monitored, unless it's against advice of application in flood zones below?	Good	
Number of applications approved in Flood Zone 2,3a or 3b	Information only	12	N/A	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored		

Flood risk vulnerability classification – vulnerability classes and types of development

Flood Zone Vulnerability Class	Developments that fall within the vulnerability class
Essential	 Essential transport infrastructure (including mass evacuation routes) which has to cross the area at risk.
infrastructure	 Essential utility infrastructure which has to be located in a flood risk area for operational reasons, including electricity generating power stations and grid and primary substations; and water treatment works that need to remain operational in times of flood. Wind turbines.
Highly vulnerable	 Police stations, ambulance stations and fire stations and command centres and telecommunications installations required to be operational during flooding. Emergency dispersal points.

	Basement dwellings.
	Caravans, mobile homes and park homes intended for permanent residential use.
	Installations requiring hazardous substances consent
More vulnerable	Hospitals
	Residential institutions such as residential care homes, children's homes, social services homes, prisons and hostels.
	Buildings used for dwelling houses, student halls of residence, drinking establishments, nightclubs and hotels.
	Non–residential uses for health services, nurseries and educational establishments.
	Landfill and sites used for waste management facilities for hazardous waste
	Sites used for holiday or short-let caravan
Less vulnerable	Police, ambulance and fire stations which are not required to be operational during flooding.
	Buildings used for shops, financial, professional and other services, restaurants and cafes, hot food takeaways, offices, general
	industry, storage and distribution, non-residential institutions not included in "more vulnerable", and assembly and leisure.
	Land and buildings used for agriculture and forestry.
	Waste treatment (except landfill and hazardous waste facilities).
	Minerals working and processing (except for sand and gravel working).
	Water treatment works which do not need to remain operational during times of flood.
	Sewage treatment works (if adequate measures to control pollution and manage sewage during flooding events are in place).
Water-compatible	For example:
development	Flood control infrastructure.
	Water transmission infrastructure and pumping stations.
	Sewage transmission infrastructure and pumping stations.
	Sand and gravel working.
	Docks, marinas and wharves.
	Navigation facilities.
	Ministry of Defence, defence installations.

CC3: Sustainable drainage systems (SuDS)				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Number of planning permissions which incorporate SuDS.	Information only	Not yet monitored	N/A	
Number of applications permitted within surface water high risk areas.	Information only	19	N/A	

CC4: Protection, restoration and enhancement of river and waterbody corridors				
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress	
Details of de-culverting schemes taken forward	Information only	Not yet monitored	N/A	
Number of applications approved in Green SuDS Priority Areas	Information only	Not yet monitored	N/A	
Number of applications approved in low flow areas	Information only	1	N/A	
Details of schemes to re-naturalise the River Maun	Information only	Not yet monitored	N/A	
Quality of water bodies assessed through the Water Framework Directive	No deterioration	Source of River Maun to Vicar Water — the overall quality status has been consistently 'Moderate' 2013-2019. In 2019, the chemical health declined from 'Good' to 'Fail' and the ecological health is 'Moderate'.	Deterioration of overall status of some catchments has been reported. Other	

(Data has not been updated since 2019) • Vicar Water from Source to Maun - a small portion of this catchment is within the district. The overall quality status is 'Poor' from 2013-2019. In 2019, the chemical health declined from 'Good' to 'Fail' and the ecological health is 'Poor'. • Rainworth Water (from Source to Gallow Hole Dyke) the overall quality status is consistently 'Moderate' from 2013-2019. In 2019, the chemical health is 'Fail' and the ecological health is 'Moderate'. • L Lake – this is a part of the Rainworth Water SSSI. The overall quality status is has been consistently 'Moderate' 2013-2019. In 2019, the chemical health declined from 'Good' to 'Fail' and the ecological health was 'Moderate'. River Meden (Sookholme to Maun) - the quality deteriorated from good (2013 to 2014) to moderate (2015 to 2019). In 2019, the chemical health declined from 'Good' to 'Fail' but the ecological health

		improved from 'Moderate' to 'Good'.	
		River Meden (source to Sookholme) – the overall quality declined from 'Moderate' for 2013-2016 to 'Poor' in 2019. In 2019, the chemical health declined from 'Good' to 'Fail' and the ecological health also declined from 'Moderate' to 'Poor'.	
		Sookholme Brook catchment – the overall quality is consistently 'Poor' from 2013-2019. In 2019, the chemical health declined from 'Good' to 'Fail' and the ecological health continued to be 'Poor'.	
Percentage (%) of planning applications granted contrary to policy.	0%	Not yet monitored	

- 16.3 The Environment Agency provides updates for the various river catchments in England²⁹. Mansfield falls within the River Humber River District and the Idle and Torne River Catchment. This data focuses on two main areas, the ecological and chemical health of rivers and their tributaries. The overall quality status of the river sub-catchments in the district for the rivers Maun, Meden and Rainworth Water have generally remained 'Moderate' for the 2013 to 2019 recording periods (see tables above and below)³⁰. Exceptions to this are stretches of rivers which include:
 - Vicar Water (from source to Maun) which passes through Vicar Water Country Park has an overall status of 'Poor' for 2019;
 - River Meden (from source to Sookholme Brook) in which the overall status declined from 'Moderate' to 'Poor'. This part of the river stretches from Sutton-in-Ashfield through Pleasley and Pleasley Vale, Sookholme and Spion Kop to Hills and Holes SSSI in Market Warsop; and
 - Sookholme Brook in which the overall status has been consistently 'Poor' from 2013 to 2019. This part of the river stretches from Shirebrook restored colliery through to Hills and Holes SSSI near Warsop Vale and Market Warsop.

In 2019, all river stretches were classified with a 'Fail' status for chemical water health; this was a decline from previous 'Good' or' Moderate' results, with the exception of Rainworth Water which has consistently received 'Fail' status. Specific reasons for not achieving good status and for deterioration are not known. Reasons for this generally include: discharge from sewers, transport drainage, ground and surface water abstraction, agricultural pollution, poor soil management and physical modification to the rivers, which create barriers to movement for fish and other wildlife. Most rivers are classified as heavily modified. Water quality data is summarised in the following table.

²⁹ Environment Agency's online Catchment Explorer website - https://environment.data.gov.uk/catchment-planning/

³⁰ Source: https://environment.data.gov.uk/catchment-planning/OperationalCatchment/3229

Section of River	Overall Health					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2019	
River Maun from Source to Vicar Water	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
Vicar Water from Source to Maun	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	
Rainworth Water from source to Gallow Hole Dyke	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
L Lakes	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
River Meden from Sookholme Brook to Maun	Good	Good	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
River Meden from source to Sookholme Brook	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Poor	
Sookholme Brook catchment	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor	

- 16.4 Development within low flow catchments (Vicar Water and Rainworth Water areas)³¹ can positively contribute to improving flows through the use of soakaways, minimising surface water discharge to sewers and maximising opportunities for controlled discharge into Vicar Water, Rainworth Water and Foul Evil Brook. Therefore, even a single development as small as a single house or an extension to an existing dwelling can make positive contributions. Although major developments will have a greater overall impact and opportunities exist for controlled discharge into low flow areas.
- Additionally, Green SuDS Priority areas³² were identified in the MDC Strategic Flood Risk Assessment where development could potentially enhance the habitats along the rivers Maun and Meden. This includes improving the ecological status of the river environment by encouraging the movement of fish and other wildlife by providing better habitat connectivity and better quality habitats. Major planning applications for residential and employment are more likely to be able to contribute to these enhancements, either through on or off-site habitat creation or through S106 contributions.

17 Implementation and Monitoring

17.1 The NPPF includes a requirement to carry out a review of the Local Plan at least once every five years (paragraph 33). The format and requirements of this review are set out in the NPPG³³ and take into account varying conditions and relevant changes in national policy. This includes whether the local housing need figure has changed significantly.

IM1: Monitoring and review of the Local Plan					
Indicator	Target	Status	Progress		
Review of the Local Plan	Complete no more than 5 years from date of adoption	Scoping has commenced.	Good		
Net Additional Dwellings	Meeting local housing need	An average of 412dpa	Good		

³¹ Mansfield District Council Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (2008) and SFRA Addendum (2018).

³² Mansfield District Council Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (2008) and SFRA Addendum (2018).

³³ https://www.gov.uk/guidance/plan-making Paragraph: 065 Reference ID: 61-065-20190723

	when assessed on a three year rolling average.		Overall target has been met
Supply of deliverable specific housing sites	5 years supply plus any shortfall and an appropriate buffer depending on past delivery.	8.31 years	Good Target has been exceeded including consideration of shortfall and appropriate buffer.
Availability of new evidence.	New evidence becomes available.	None available.	N/A
Progress with key sites	Progress with sites as identified	Progress is set out above.	Good Overall progress with key sites is considered to be good.

Sustainability appraisal – monitoring of likely significant effects.

6.46 As part of the sustainability appraisal process there is a requirement to monitor the significant effects of the plan. The SA Adoption Statement sets out the significant effects of the plan on each SA Topic, and how the monitoring framework above has been formulated taking account of the recommended indicators to monitor those effects. It is concluded that the monitoring framework above provides the basis for meeting monitoring requirements for the Local Plan associated with the SA. Please see Appendix 7 of the SA Adoption Statement³⁴ for more information.

³⁴ https://www.mansfield.gov.uk/downloads/file/1679/sa-adoption-statement-september-2020